COMMON SYSTEMS DUAL CHANNEL RECEIVER CIRCUIT 700 AND 1100 CYCLES PER SECOND

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PURPOSE OF CIRCUIT

The purpose of this circuit is to cause the connected circuit to collect coins, return coins, or rering when 700 and 1100 cps, 1100 cps, or 700 cps signals, respectively, are received.

2. GENERAL SEQUENCE OF CIRCUIT OPERATION

When the operator operates a coin collect, coin return, or ringing key at the switchboard the connected circuit will enable this circuit. This circuit will receive 700 and 1100 cps, 1100 cps, or 700 cps signals, which will cause relays P1 and P2, relay P2 alone, or relay P1 alone to operate respectively.

SECTION II - DETAILED DESCRIPTION

GENERAL

This circuit is enabled by the connected circuit. The ac signals between -16 dbm and -3 dbm are received and cause the circuit to operate in accordance with the following table:

RECEIVED AC SIGNALS	CIRCUIT	ACTION
None 700 and 1100 cps	Idle Coin Collect	None Grounds leads "Pl" and "P2"
700 cps	Rering	Grounds lead
1100 cps	Coin Return	Grounds lead

When the AC signals are removed relays Pl and/or P2 release.

2. OPERATION OF RELAY Pl

When this circuit is enabled by the connected circuit, and a 700 cps signal is received, relay Pl will operate. The 700 cps signal is attenuated approximately 3 db by filter Fl; frequencies near 1100 cps are attenuated approximately 35 db. The filter output signal is amplified by transistor amplifier Al to drive transistor Bl into saturation. When transistor Bl is saturated its collector voltage will increase and relay Pl will operate. When relay Pl operates it will ground lead "Pl".

3. OPERATION OF RELAY P2

When this circuit is enabled by the connected circuit and a 1100 cps signal is received, relay P2 will operate. The 1100 cps signal is attenuated approximately 3 db by filter F2; frequencies near 700 cps are attenuated approximately 35 db. The filter output signal is amplified by the transistor amplifier A2 to drive transistor B2 into saturation. When transistor B2 is saturated its collector voltage will increase and relay P2 will operate. When relay P2 operates it will ground lead "P2".

4. AMPLIFIER STAGES

The amplifier for the 700 cycle channel consists of transistor Al, resistors Al, Bl, Cl, Dl, and El; and capacitors Al and Bl. The amplifier for the 1100 cycle channel consists of transistor A2; resistors A2, B2, C2, D2, and E2; and capacitors A2 and B2. Varistors A, B, C, and D prevent transient surges from adversely affecting the 700 and 1100 cps channels. Since the 700 cycle amplifier is the same as the 1100 cycle amplifier, only it will be described in detail. Resistor Dl is a voltage divider that provides a -24 volt supply. Resistors Al, Bl, and Cl establish the base to emitter operating bias and resistor El is the load resistor. Capacitor Al is a by pass capacitor, and capacitor Bl is a coupling capacitor.

5. SWITCHING STAGES

The switching stage for the 700 cycle channel consists of transistor Bl, relay Pl, diode Al, capacitor Cl, potentiometer Al, thermistor Al, and resistors Fl, Hl, and Gl. The switching stage for the 1100 cycle channel consists of transistor B2, relay P2, diode A2, capacitor C2, potentiometer A2, thermistor A2 and resistors F2, H2, and G2.

Since the 700 and 1100 cycle switching stages are the same, only the 700 cycle stage will be described in detail.

Resistor Fl is a voltage divider which provides -24 volts to operate relay Pl. Relay Pl provides the required load resistance for transistor Bl. Thermistor Al and potentiometer Al together are part of the base biasing network. They also accomplish two other functions; the thermistor adjusts for variations in temperature, and the potentiometer may be adjusted for variations in transistor current gains.

Resistor Hl is used to produce a voltage which will alternately forward bias and back bias diode Al. During the negative swing of the amplified signal diode Al is forward biased. Capacitor Cl will then charge to a negative voltage, which will forward bias the transistor causing it to saturate. During the positive swing of the amplified signal diode Al is back biased, and before capacitor Cl is discharged sufficiently to cut-off the transistor, diode Al is again forward biased. The emitter resistance Gl provides a reverse bias for transistor Bl to prevent thermal runaway.

SECTION III - REFERENCE DATA

1. FUNCTIONS

- 1.2 To operate relay Pl when a -16 dbm 700 signal is applied to the input jack IN.
- 1.3 To operate relay P2 when a -16 dbm 1100 cps signal is applied to the input jack IN.
- 1.4 To ground lead "Pl" when relay Pl operates.
- 1.5 To ground lead "P2" when relay P2 operates.

2. WORKING LIMITS

- 2.1 The maximum input signal will be -3 dbm.
- 2.2 The minimum input signal will be -16 dbm.

3. CONNECTING CIRCUITS

- 3.1 Trunk Circuit (Typical) SD-26099-01.
- 3.2 Trunk Circuit (Typical) SD-26123-01.
- 3.3 4-Wire Terminating Circuit (Typical) SD-96463-01.
- 3.4 Emergency Line Circuit SD-26128-01.
- 3.5 Crossbar Tandem Office Trunk Automatic Test Circuit SD-25960-01.

4. CIRCUIT ADJUSTMENT

4.1 General

The overall sensitivity of the circuit shall be controlled by adjusting potentiometers Al and A2.

4.2 Adjusting the 700 Cycle Channel

With a -16 dbm 700 cycle input signal at jack IN the collector voltage of transistor Bl, measured between TPl and circuit ground, shall be set in accordance with Information Notes 302 and 303 by adjusting potentiometer Al.

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CHANGES

B. Changes in Apparatus

B.1	Superseded	Superseded By
	Capacitor	Capacitor
	T A1, KS-14477,25	S A1, 601C
	T A2, KS-14477,25	S A2, 601C

D. Description of Changes

- D.1 Component assemblies CA1 and CA2, ED-94859-()642, are designated option T and rated "Mfr Disc." and are replaced by ED-94859-()G134 designated Standard option S.
- D.1.1 This is necessary because the codes of capacitors Al and A2 are changed.
- D.2 Note 102 is changed to specify the use of this circuit in the No. 1 Crossbar System.

F. Changes in CD Section

- F.1 Under CONNECTING CIRCUITS add:
- 3.6 No. 1 Crossbar Trunk Circuit (Typical), SD-27814-01.

BELL TELEPHONE LABORATORIES, INCORPORATED

DEPT 5611-MEL-MFF-PB

CD-95956-01 ISSUE 2B APPENDIX 2D DWG ISSUE 7D

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CHANGES

D. Description of Changes

D.1 Addition of CAD Fig. 6 to provide usage information with the No. 4 overseas operator bridged access intraoffice trunk circuit.

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DEPT 5242-RRK-RBC-JF

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CHANGES

D. Description of Changes

D.1 A change in Note 102 is made to permit the use of this circuit in the Panel System.

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DEPT 5241-RAM-RBC-JNC